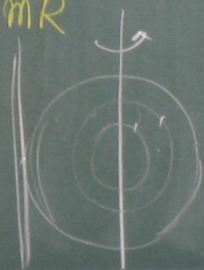


disk. m, R, σ



$$\frac{3}{2} m R^2$$



$$m = \sigma \pi R^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m R^2$$

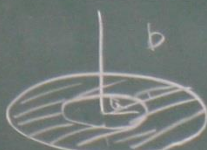
$$\int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} 1 d\theta = \theta \Big|_0^{2\pi} = 2\pi$$

$$\int_0^R \int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} r^2 \sigma r d\theta dr = 2\pi \sigma \int_0^R r^3 dr$$

$$= 2\pi \sigma \left. \frac{r^4}{4} \right|_0^R = \frac{\pi \sigma R^4}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m R^2$$

m, σ



$$m = (\pi b^2 - \pi a^2) \sigma$$

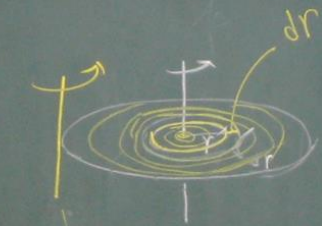
$$= \pi (b^2 - a^2) \sigma$$

$$\int_a^b \int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} r^2 \sigma r d\theta dr = 2\pi \sigma \left. \frac{r^4}{4} \right|_a^b = \frac{\pi \sigma}{2} (b^4 - a^4)$$

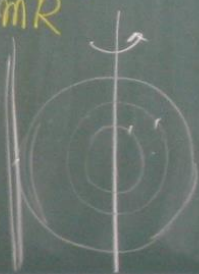
$$\frac{1}{2} \pi \sigma (b^2 + a^2) (b^2 - a^2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m (b^2 + a^2)$$

disk. m, R, σ



$$\frac{3}{2} m R^2$$



$$m = \sigma \pi R^2$$

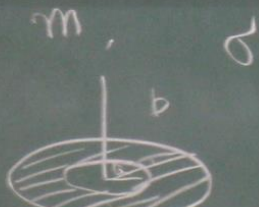
$$\frac{1}{4} m R^2$$

$$\int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} 1 d\theta = \theta \Big|_0^{2\pi} = 2\pi$$

$$\int_0^R \int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} r^2 \sigma r d\theta dr = 2\pi \sigma \int_0^R r^3 dr$$

$$= 2\pi \sigma \left. \frac{r^4}{4} \right|_0^R = \frac{\pi \sigma R^4}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m R^2$$



$$m = (\pi b^2 - \pi a^2) \sigma$$
$$= \pi (b^2 - a^2) \sigma$$

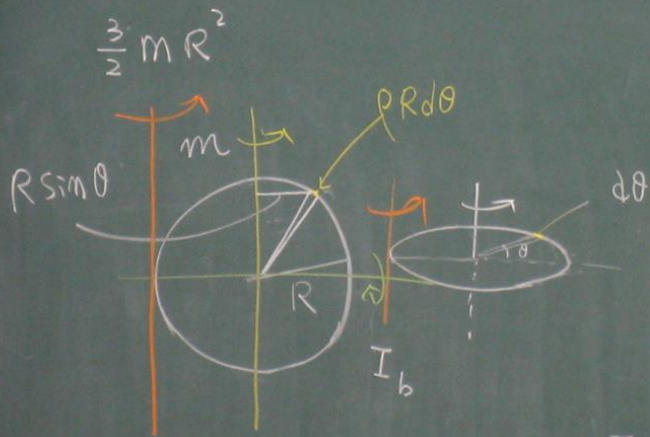
$$\int_a^b \int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} r^2 \sigma r d\theta dr = 2\pi \sigma \left. \frac{r^4}{4} \right|_a^b = \frac{\pi \sigma}{2} (b^4 - a^4)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \pi \sigma (b^2 + a^2) (b^2 - a^2)$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} m (b^2 + a^2)$$

$$2 \times \int_{\theta=0}^{\pi} \frac{R^2 \sin^2 \theta}{r_i^2} \rho R d\theta = 2 \times R^3 \rho \int_{\theta=0}^{\pi} \sin^2 \theta d\theta$$

$$= \pi R^3 \rho = \frac{1}{2} m R^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{(\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta)}{1} d\theta$$



$$I = \sum_i m_i r_i^2 \Rightarrow \int r_i^2 dm_i$$

$$\int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} R^2 \rho R d\theta = \rho R^3 2\pi = m R^2$$

$$I_b = m R^2 + I_c = 2 m R^2$$

disk. m. R. σ



$$\frac{3}{2} m R^2$$



$$m = \sigma \pi R^2$$

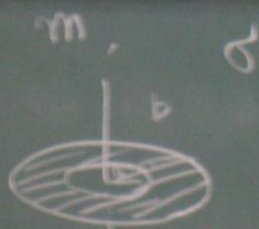
$$\frac{1}{2} m R^2$$

$$\int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} 1 d\theta = \theta \Big|_0^{2\pi} = 2\pi$$

$$\int_0^R \int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} r^2 \sigma r d\theta dr = 2\pi \sigma \int_0^R r^3 dr$$

$$= 2\pi \sigma \left[\frac{r^4}{4} \right]_0^R = \frac{\pi \sigma R^4}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m R^2$$



$$m = (\pi b^2 - \pi a^2) \sigma$$

$$= \pi (b^2 - a^2) \sigma$$

$$\int_a^b \int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} r^2 \sigma r d\theta dr = 2\pi \sigma \left[\frac{r^4}{4} \right]_a^b = \frac{\pi \sigma}{2} (b^4 - a^4)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \pi \sigma (b^2 + a^2) (b^2 - a^2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m (b^2 + a^2)$$



$$dm \quad \{ 2\pi R \sin \theta \, d\theta$$

$$\int_0^\pi 2\pi R^3 \sin^3 \theta \, d\theta$$

$$\int r_i^2 \, dm_i$$

$$= \int_0^\pi \underbrace{R^2 \sin^2 \theta}_{\text{}} \underbrace{2\pi R \sin \theta \, d\theta}_{\text{}}$$

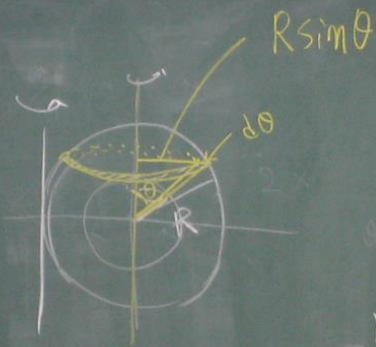
$$\frac{d \cos \theta}{d\theta} = -\sin \theta$$

$$\frac{d \sin \theta}{d\theta} = \cos \theta$$

$$\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$



$$dm = \rho \cdot 2\pi R^4 \frac{4}{3} dr$$

$$\int r_i^2 dm_i = \int_{r=0}^R \int_{\theta=0}^{\pi} r^4 \sin^2 \theta \cdot 2\pi \sin \theta d\theta dr$$

$$\rho \cdot 2\pi \left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \frac{R^5}{5}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} m R^2$$

$$2\pi R^4 \int_{\theta=0}^{\pi} \sin^2 \theta (-d\cos \theta)$$

$$(1 - \cos^2 \theta)$$

$$= 2\pi R^4 \int_{\theta=0}^{\pi} (\cos^2 \theta - 1) d\cos \theta$$

$$\frac{\cos^3 \theta}{3} \Big|_{\theta=0}^{\pi} - \cos \theta \Big|_{\theta=0}^{\pi}$$

$$\frac{(-1-1)}{3} - (-1-1)$$

$$= \frac{-2}{3} + 2 = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$I = \int_{y=-\frac{a}{2}}^{\frac{a}{2}} \int_{x=-\frac{b}{2}}^{\frac{b}{2}} (x^2 + y^2) \sigma dx dy = \frac{1}{12} m (a^2 + b^2)$$

$$\sigma a \int_{-\frac{b}{2}}^{\frac{b}{2}} x^2 dx$$

$$\sigma a \frac{b^3}{12}$$

$$\int_{y=-\frac{a}{2}}^{\frac{a}{2}} \int_{x=-\frac{b}{2}}^{\frac{b}{2}} x^2 \sigma dx dy + \int_{y=-\frac{a}{2}}^{\frac{a}{2}} \int_{x=-\frac{b}{2}}^{\frac{b}{2}} y^2 \sigma dx dy$$

$$\sigma ab \frac{a^2 + b^2}{12}$$

