Home Work 13

- 1. Figure 1 depicts a simplistic optical fiber: a plastic core $(n_1 = 1.58)$ is surrounded by a plastic sheath $(n_2 = 1.53)$. A light ray is incident on one end of the fiber at angle θ . The ray is to undergo total internal reflection at point A, where it encounters the core–sheath boundary. (Thus there is no loss of light through that boundary.) What is the maximum value of θ that allows total internal reflection at A?
- 2. In Fig. 2, a light ray in air is incident on a flat layer of material 2 that has an index of refraction $n_2 = 1.5$. Beneath material 2 is material 3 with an index of refraction n_3 . The ray is incident on the air-material 2 interface at the Brewster angle for that interface. The ray of light refracted into material 3 happens to be incident on the material 2-material 3 interface at the Brewster angle for that interface. What is the value of n3?
- 3. An isotropic point source emits light at wavelength 500 nm, at the rate of 200 W. A light detector is positioned 400 m from the source. What is the maximum rate $\partial B / \partial t$ at which the magnetic component of the light changes with time at the detector's location?
- 4. A small laser emits light at power 5.00 mW and wavelength 633 nm. The laser beam is focused (narrowed) until its diameter matches the 1266 nm diameter of a sphere placed in its path. The sphere is perfectly absorbing and has density $5.00 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$. What are (a) the beam intensity at the sphere's location, (b) the radiation pressure on the sphere, (c) the magnitude of the corresponding force, and (d) the magnitude of the acceleration that force alone would give the sphere?
- **5.** A beam of partially polarized light can be considered to be a mixture of polarized and unpolarized light. Suppose we send such a beam through a polarizing filter and then rotate the filter through 360° while keeping it perpendicular to the beam. If the transmitted intensity varies by a factor of 5.0 during the rotation, what fraction of the intensity of the original beam is associated with the beam's polarized light?
- 6. When the rectangular metal tank in Fig. 33-51 is filled to the top with an unknown liquid, observer O, with eyes level with the top of the tank, can just see corner E. A ray that refracts toward O at the top surface of the liquid is shown. If D = 85.0 cm and L = 1.10 m, what is the index of refraction of the liquid?

