

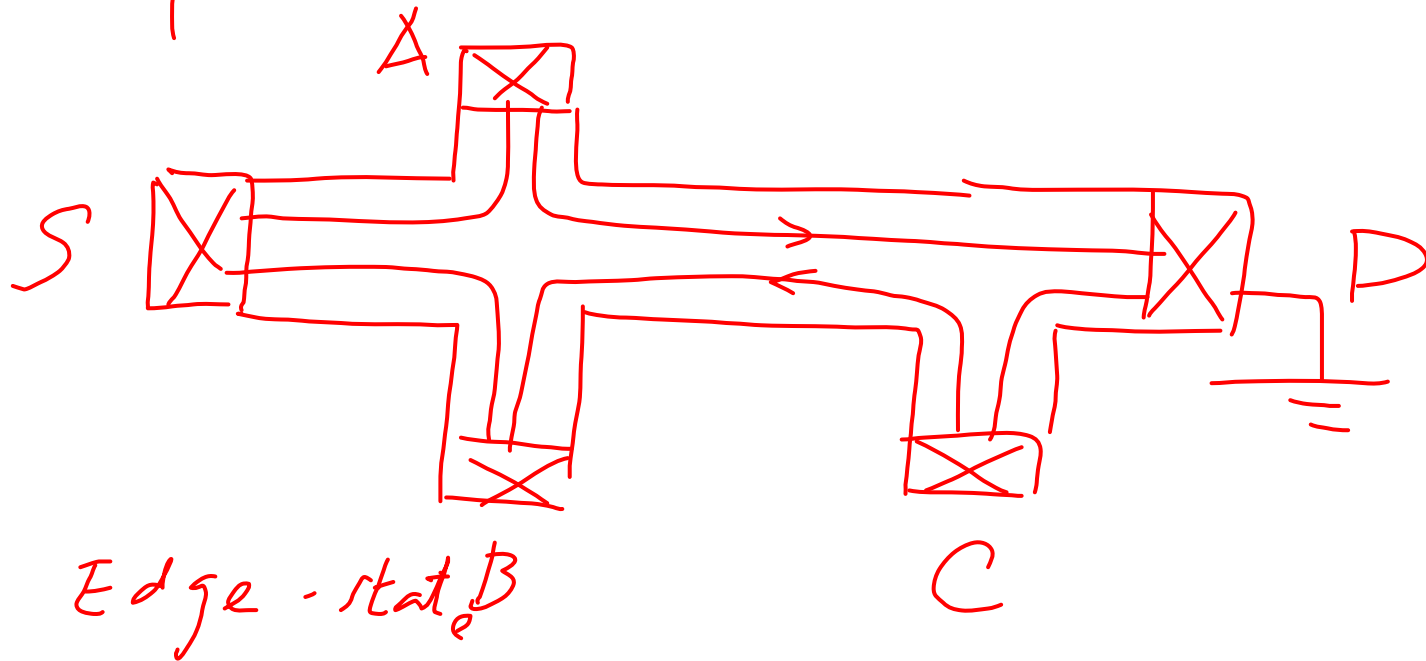
By negatively biasing BG 1
 " " FG 2

$$2. \quad \rho_{xy} = R_{xy} = \frac{h}{\nu e^2}$$

ν is the filling factor

ν : integer

ρ_{xx} and $\sigma_{xx} \rightarrow 0$ as $T \rightarrow 0$



$$N V_S e^2/h - N V_B e^2/h = I \quad (1)$$

$$N V_A e^2/h - N V_S e^2/h = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$N V_D e^2/h - N V_A e^2/h = -I \quad (3)$$

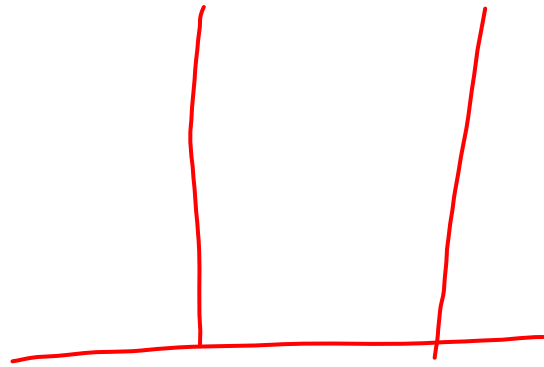
$$N V_C e^2/h - N V_D e^2/h = 0 \quad (4)$$

$$N V_B e^2/h - N V_C e^2/h = 0 \quad (5)$$

$$\frac{V_A - V_B}{I} = \frac{h}{N e^2} \quad (1) \& (2)$$

$$V_B - V_C = 0 \quad (5)$$

Disorder to introduce extended & localized states



Disorder



Localized states

3. CFS

$$1 \geq \nu \geq \frac{1}{3}$$

ν at $1/2$ \Rightarrow $e^- + 2 \text{ flux} : CF$

$$\nu = 1, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{7}$$

integer OHE for CFS

$$\nu_{\text{eff}} = -1, -2, -3, -4, \dots$$

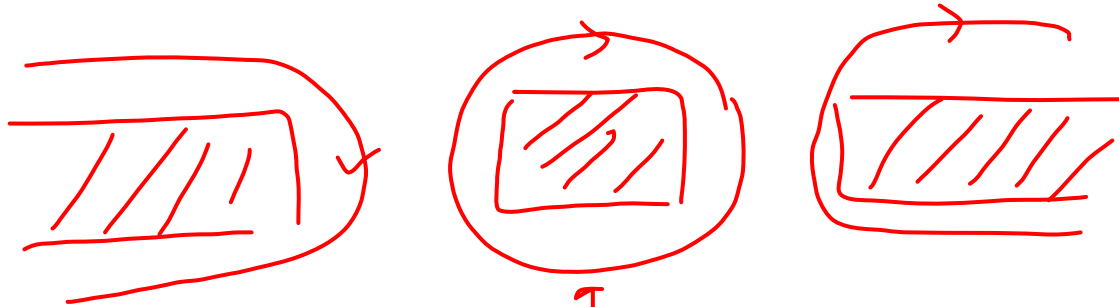
$$\nu = \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{3}{7}, \frac{4}{9}$$

$$\nu_{\text{eff}} = 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots$$

4.

chapter 8

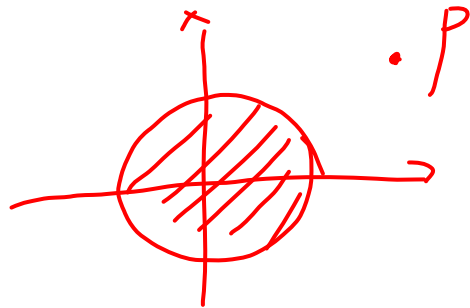
Anti-dot



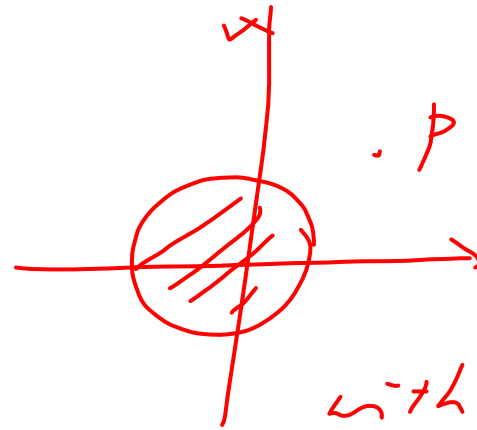
Nothing under leath the gate

5. QP

An additional particle plus
the perturbation

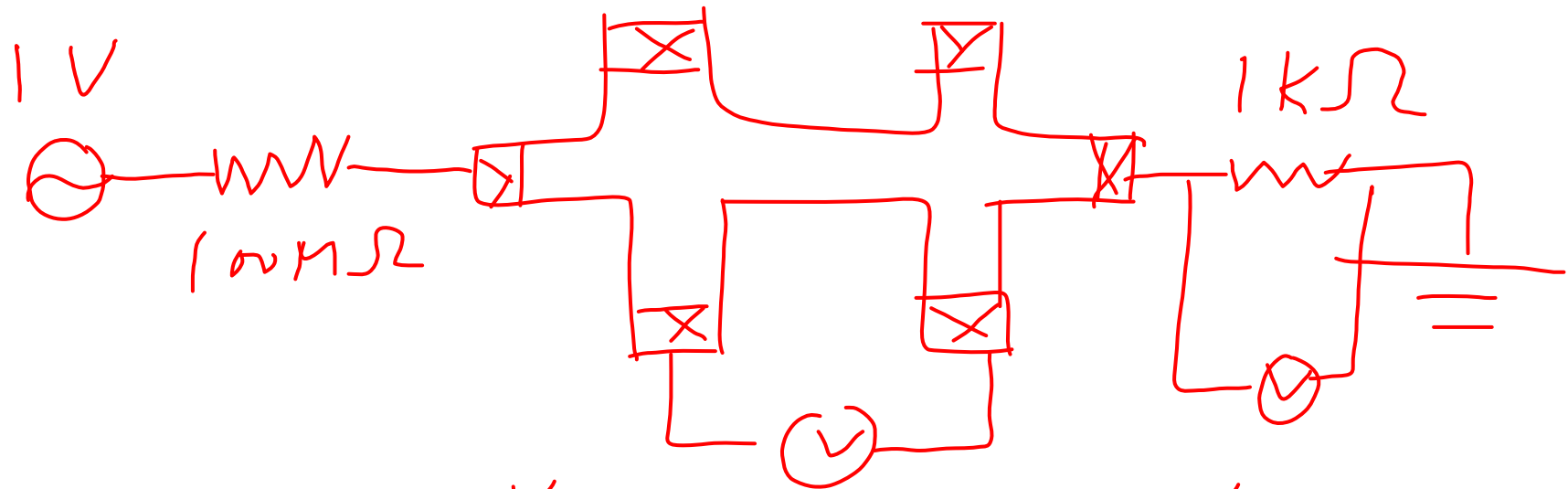


no interaction



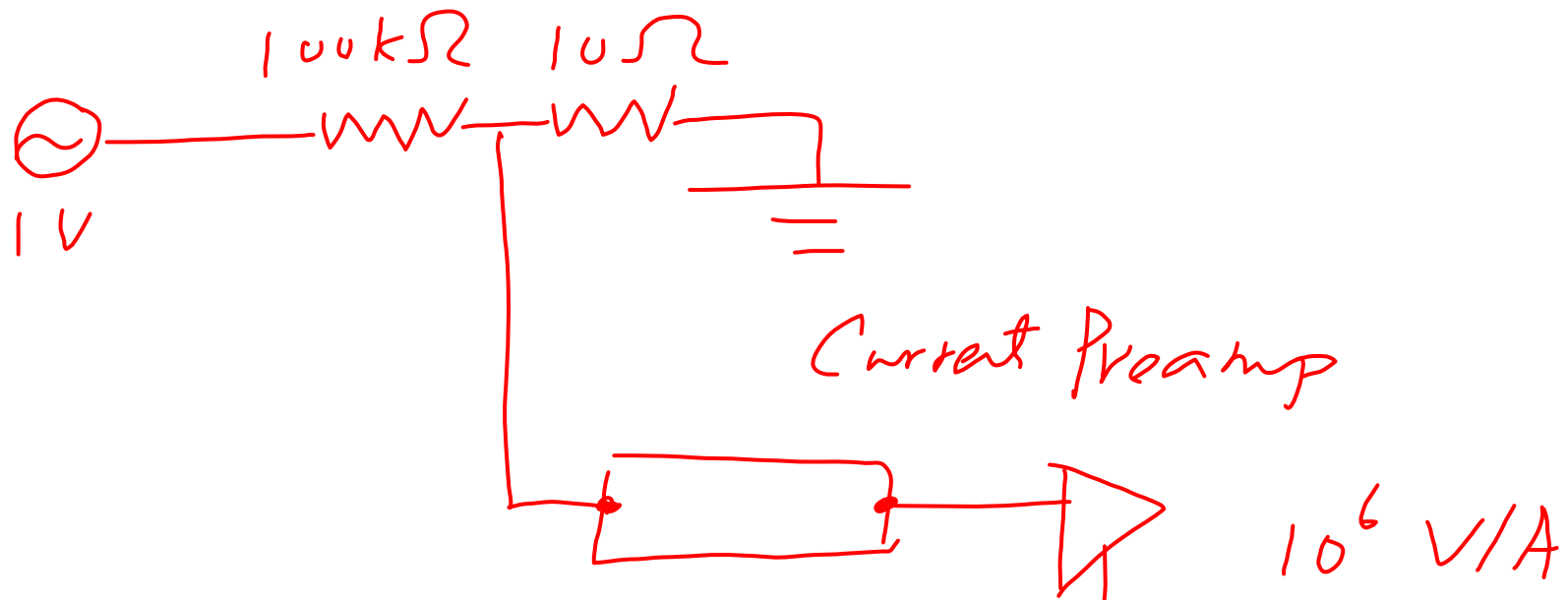
with interaction

\Rightarrow Momentum conservation
with or without interaction, a
single-particle picture is sufficient



$$I = \frac{1V}{100k\Omega + R_S} \approx \frac{1V}{100k\Omega} = 10\mu A$$

$$10^6 : 10^7$$



$$1V \sim \frac{10\Omega}{100k\Omega} = 10^{-4} V = 100\mu V$$

$10^6 V/A$
 $10^8 V/A$

limit: $R_S \gg 10\Omega$

7.

$$\rho_{xx} = 50 \Omega$$

$$\sigma = \frac{l}{\rho_{xx}} = n e \mu$$

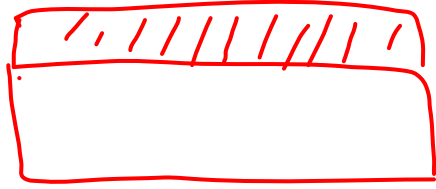
$$\mu = \frac{l}{\rho_{xx} n e} = \frac{e \tau}{m^*}$$

$$v_F \tau = l$$

$$m^* v_F = \hbar k_F = \hbar \sqrt{2\pi n}$$

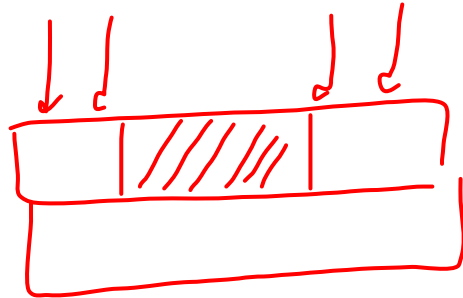
$$v_F = \frac{\hbar \sqrt{2\pi n}}{m^*} \quad (1) \quad v_F \tau = \frac{(1) \tau}{e m^*}$$

8.

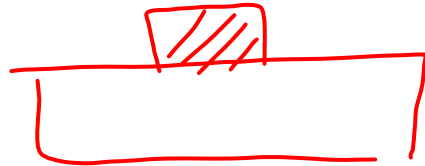


→ PMMA

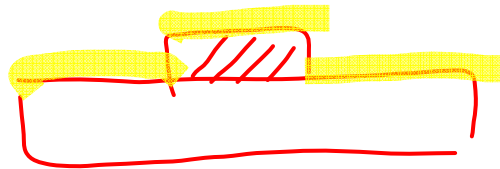
Spin coating + Bake



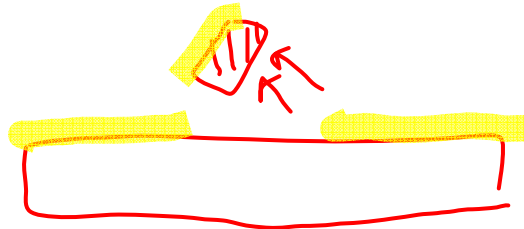
E-beam patterning



Develop



Evaporation



Lift-off
in acetone

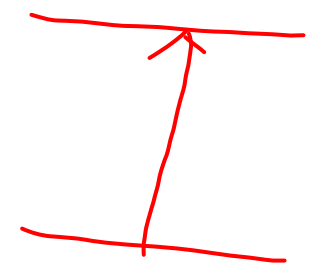


9. Cyclotron Resonance (CR)

transmission



$$\hbar \omega_c = \frac{\hbar e B}{m^*} = E$$



Landau oscillations

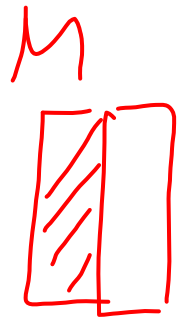
$$\Delta \rho_{xx} \approx \exp\left(-\frac{\pi}{\omega_c \tau}\right) \frac{X}{\sinh X}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{sdH}(B, T) = C \exp\left(\frac{-\pi}{\mu B}\right) \frac{\frac{2\pi^2 k_B m^* T}{\hbar e B}}{\sinh\left(\frac{2\pi^2 k_B m^* T}{\hbar e B}\right)}$$

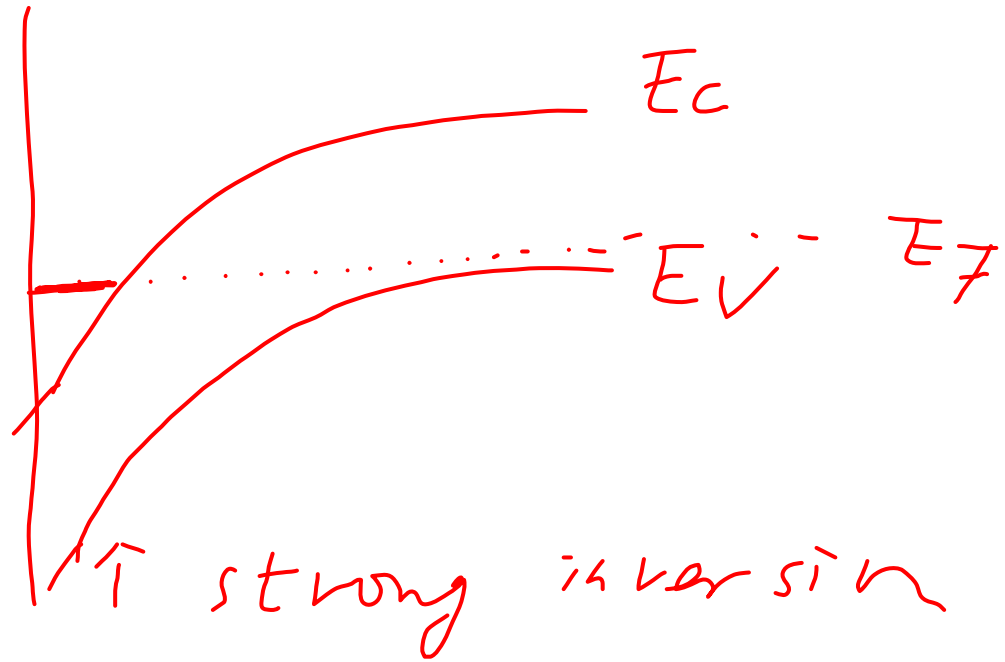
E_c

p-type substrate

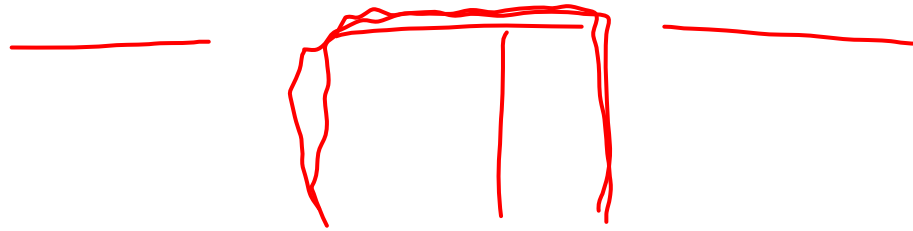
E_v E_f



SiO_2



For electrons



No facussing for $B = 9T$

$$\frac{\hbar k_F}{e \textcircled{B}}$$

For CFS

$$\frac{\hbar k_F}{e B_{eff}}$$

B_{eff} low

For electrons $k_F = \sqrt{2\pi n}$
 $B \rightarrow 0$

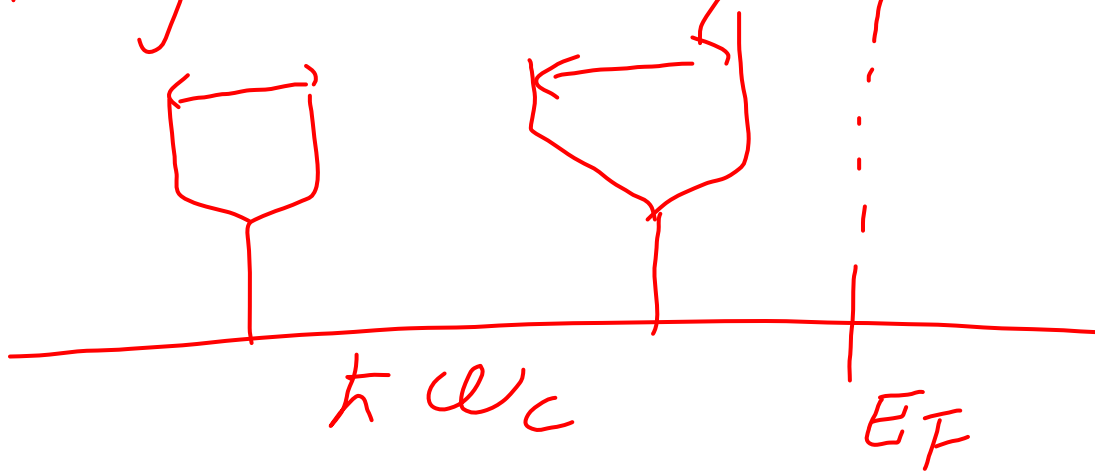
For electrons $k_F = \sqrt{4\pi n}$

$B_{eff} \rightarrow 0$ B high

no spin degeneracy (g_s)

$$k_F = \sqrt{\frac{4\pi n}{g_s}}$$

Integer $\phi = 1$ spin



FQH

$\nu = 1$

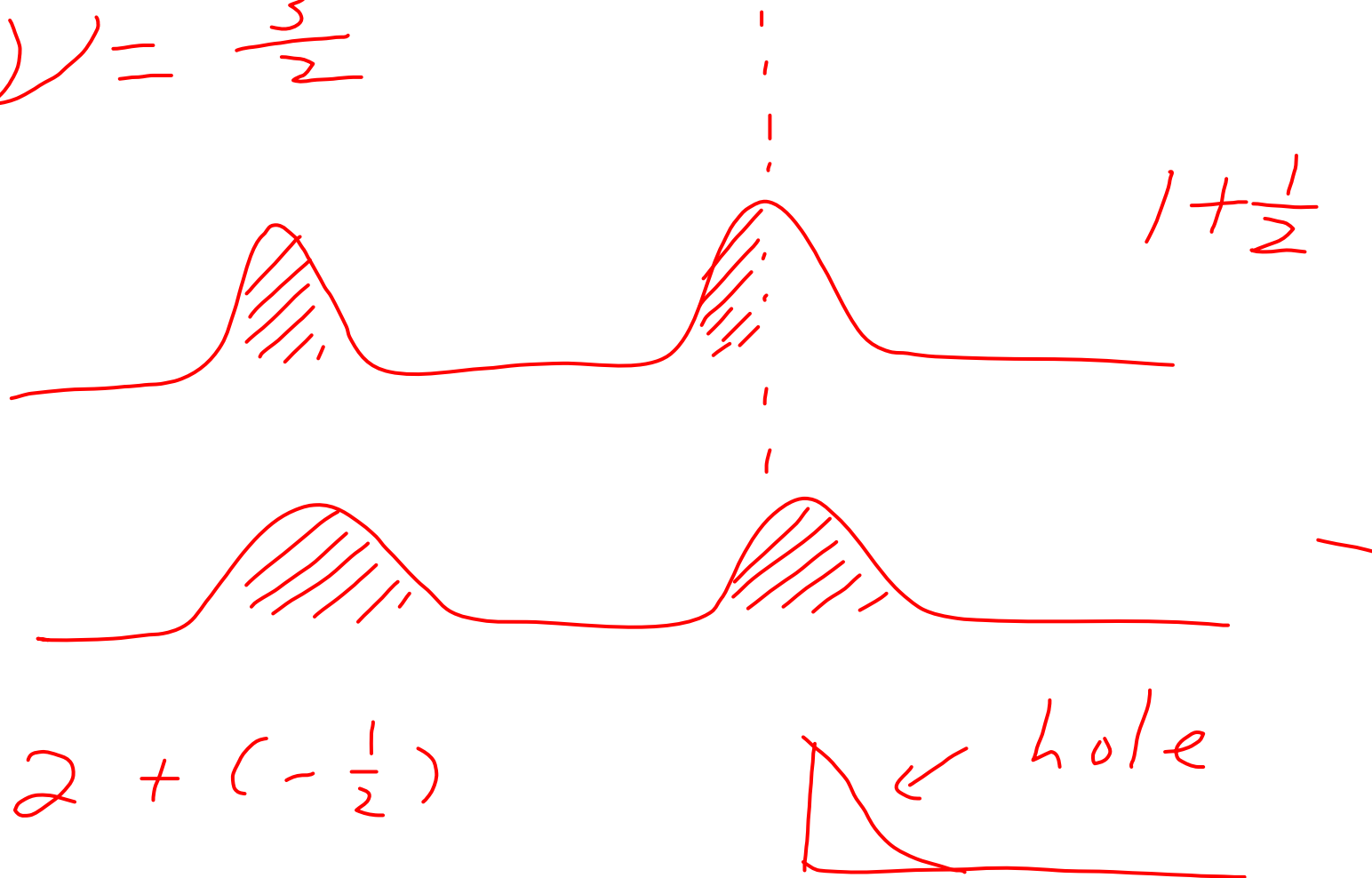
$\nu = \frac{1}{2}$



No spin degeneracy

$$\lambda_{CF} = 1 \mu\text{m}$$

$$V = \frac{3}{2}$$



$$\frac{V_{eff}}{2V_{eff+1}} = \nu$$

$$\nu = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$V_{eff} = 1$$

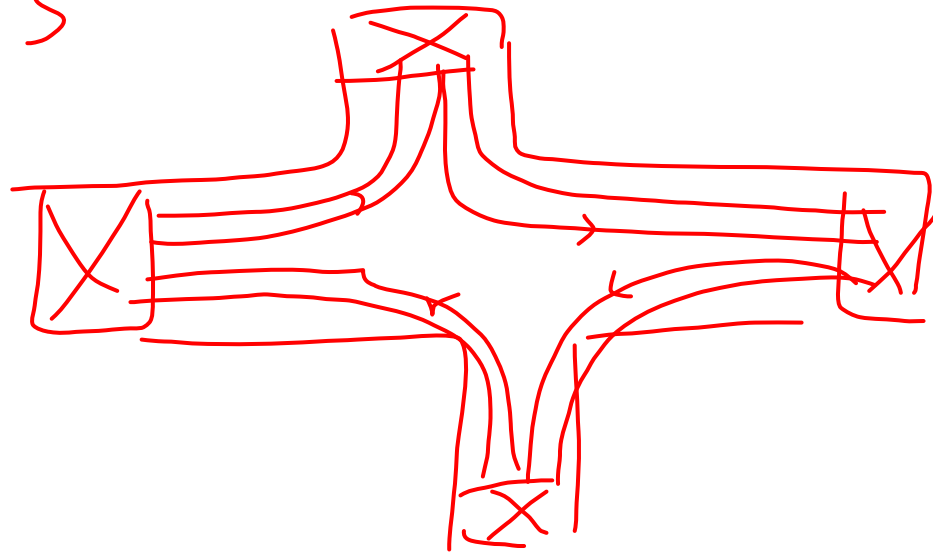
$$N = 1$$

$$\nu = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$V_{eff} = 2$$

$$N = 2$$

CF



$E: e^- \quad V_1, V_2$

$E_{eff}: c\vec{r} \quad V_1^* \& V_2^*$

$$E_{eff} = E(1 - 2\alpha)$$

$$V = E \underset{\uparrow}{W}$$

width of the
Hall bar